



भारतीय दिवाला और शोधन अक्षमता बोर्ड  
Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India

my  
Gov  
मेरी सरकार

# 2<sup>nd</sup> NATIONAL ONLINE QUIZ

ON INSOLVENCY AND  
BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

1<sup>st</sup> AUGUST, 2021 - 31<sup>st</sup> AUGUST, 2021



FOR DETAILS  
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anytime!



10 consolation prizes of ₹ 10,000/- each for next 10 best performers

Top 10% performers shall be awarded "Certificate of Merit"

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## Guidelines on National Online Quiz on IBC

**T**he Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC) provides a market mechanism for reorganisation and insolvency resolution of corporate persons, partnership firms and individuals in a time bound manner for maximization of value of assets of such persons, to promote entrepreneurship, availability of credit and balance the interests of all the stakeholders. It is one of the deepest economic reforms of India in the recent years. Elucidating its importance, the Hon'ble Prime Minister in his address at the centenary celebrations of Kirloskar Group on 6<sup>th</sup> January, 2020 observed:

“साथियो, आजकल Insolvency और bankruptcy code IBC की इतनी चर्चा होती है, लेकिन ये सिर्फ इतना पैसा वापस आया, उतना पैसा वापस आया— वहां तक ही सीमित रहती है। लेकिन वो उससे भी आगे है। आप सभी ये बेहतर जानते हैं कि कुछ स्थितियों में धंधे से बाहर निकलना ही कई बार समझदारी माना जाता है। ये जरूरी नहीं कि जो कंपनी सफल न हो रही हो, उसके पीछे कोई साजिश ही हो, कोई गलत इरादा हो, कोई लालच हो; ये जरूरी नहीं है। देश में ऐसे उद्यमियों के लिए एक रास्ता तैयार करना आवश्यक था और IBC ने इसका आधार तय किया। आज नहीं तो कल, इस बात पर अध्ययन जरूर होगा कि IBC ने कितने भारतीय उद्यमियों का भविष्य बचाया, उन्हें हमेशा—हमेशा के लिए बर्बाद होने से रोका।”

1. The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (IBBI) is a key pillar of the ecosystem responsible for implementation of the IBC. It is responsible for development and regulation of insolvency professionals and other service providers. It regulates various processes, namely, corporate insolvency resolution, corporate liquidation, fresh start, individual insolvency resolution and individual bankruptcy. It acts as the 'Authority' for regulation and development of the profession of valuers.
2. To promote awareness and understanding of the IBC among various stakeholders (Indian citizens) across the country, the IBBI has launched this online Quiz in collaboration with MyGov.in.
3. Terms and Conditions:
  - (a) The Quiz shall be open on the MyGov portal <https://quiz.mygov.in> for a period of one month from 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2021 to 31<sup>st</sup> August, 2021.
  - (b) The Quiz is open to Indian citizens aged 18 years and above as on 31<sup>st</sup> July, 2021. Individuals working in IBBI and BSE Investors Protection Fund (permanent and contractual), service providers under the IBC and registered with IBBI and also their immediate family members are not eligible to participate in the Quiz. A participant is required to self-certify that he/she is eligible to take the Quiz and also that he/she abides by these terms and conditions.
  - (c) A participant needs to register on the MyGov portal before taking the Quiz. For registration, the participant needs to submit valid mobile number and a valid e-mail ID. The same mobile number or e-mail ID cannot be used twice for registration. This means that a participant can participate in the Quiz only once. In case of same mobile number/email id being used multiple times, only the first entry will be considered eligible and the remaining entries will be eliminated.
  - (d) The Quiz is available both in English and Hindi. A participant may choose either of the languages.
  - (e) The Quiz will have 20 (twenty) multiple choice questions, each carrying one mark. A participant will get 10 (ten) minutes to complete the Quiz. There will be no negative marking.
  - (f) Any kind of malpractice, such as, impersonation, double participation, etc., will render the participation of the individual null and void.
  - (g) Performance in the Quiz will be evaluated based on "Maximum Correct Answers in the Shortest Time". For example, if many individuals secure 20 marks, they will be ranked on the basis of the time taken to complete the Quiz, as electronically determined. The individual, who has completed the Quiz at the earliest shall be considered the best performer. After ranking the individuals with score of 20, the individuals with score of 19 will be ranked, and so on.
  - (h) The best performer will be awarded a Gold Medal along with a cash prize of ₹ 1,00,000/- (One lakh rupees only). The second-best performer will be awarded a Silver Medal along with a cash prize of ₹ 50,000/- (Fifty thousand rupees only). The third-best performer will be awarded a Bronze Medal along with a cash prize of ₹ 25,000/- (Twenty five thousand rupees only). The next ten best performers will be awarded consolation prizes of ₹ 10,000/- (Ten thousand rupees only) each. **These prizes and medals are sponsored by BSE Investors Protection Fund, as part of its investor awareness initiatives. These prizes and medals will be given away at an appropriate function to be decided by the IBBI.**
  - (i) Besides the above, top 10% of the participants in terms of performance shall be awarded a "Certificate of Merit".
  - (j) After the closure of the Quiz, and prior to the announcement of results, the winners of cash prizes will be required to provide their identity details. Non-submission of these details will render their participation null and void and the next best performer will be chosen accordingly. The entries, if any, of cash prize winners of 1<sup>st</sup> National Online Quiz, organized by IBBI in 2020, will not be considered for award of cash prizes.
  - (k) In case of any dispute, the decision of the IBBI shall be final.
  - (l) By participating in the Quiz, the participant agrees to have read and accepted the above-mentioned terms and conditions.

**The Quiz is open from 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2021 00:01 hours to 31<sup>st</sup> August, 2021 24:00 hours**



## Sample Quiz

The Quiz consists of 20 questions, based on the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. Each question has four alternatives. Choose the alternative that is the most appropriate response.

1. Which of the following is not an objective of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016?

- (a) Promoting availability of credit
- (b) Promoting entrepreneurship
- (c) Insolvency resolution of corporate persons
- (d) Recovery of loans by creditors

Ans. (d) Recovery of loans by creditors

2. Which of the following is not a process associated with insolvency of individuals?

- (a) Fresh Start Process
- (b) Insolvency Resolution Process
- (c) Bankruptcy Process
- (d) Fast Track Resolution Process

Ans. (d) Fast Track Resolution Process

3. The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 has adopted \_\_\_\_\_ model for Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP).

- (a) debtor-in-possession
- (b) debtor-in-control
- (c) creditor-in-control
- (d) NCLT-in-possession

Ans. (c) creditor-in-control

4. If you book a flat with a real estate company, and that company enters the corporate insolvency resolution process, you would be considered as \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) an operational creditor
- (b) a secured creditor
- (c) a preferential creditor
- (d) a financial creditor

Ans. (d) a financial creditor

5. When can a bank file an application for initiation of corporate insolvency resolution process against a corporate debtor?

- (a) on determination of default by the Adjudicating Authority
- (b) on commission of default by the corporate debtor
- (c) on net-worth of the corporate debtor becoming negative
- (d) on classification of the account of the corporate debtor as a Non-Performing Asset

Ans. (b) on commission of default by the corporate debtor

6. A creditor can initiate pre-packaged insolvency resolution process when the debtor company has defaulted at least

Rupees \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) one thousand
- (b) ten thousand
- (c) ten lakh
- (d) one crore

Ans. (c) ten lakh

7. Who regulates Insolvency Professionals?

- (a) Ministry of Corporate Affairs
- (b) National Company Law Tribunal
- (c) Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India
- (d) Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs

Ans. (c) Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India

8. Who appoints an insolvency professional to act as the Interim Resolution Professional for a corporate insolvency resolution process?

- (a) the committee of creditors
- (b) the corporate debtor
- (c) the National Company Law Tribunal
- (d) the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India

Ans. (c) National Company Law Tribunal

9. The powers of the Board of Directors of a company undergoing corporate insolvency resolution process is exercised by \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) the Central Government
- (b) the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India
- (c) the Resolution Professional
- (d) the Registrar of Companies

Ans. (c) the Resolution Professional

10. The committee of creditors constituted in a corporate insolvency resolution process comprises \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) financial creditors
- (b) financial creditors and operational creditors
- (c) financial creditors and equity shareholders
- (d) financial creditors and preferential shareholders

Ans. (a) financial creditors

11. Which of the following persons is prohibited to submit a resolution plan in a corporate insolvency resolution process?

- (a) A promoter of the corporate debtor
- (b) A wilful defaulter
- (c) A creditor of the corporate debtor
- (d) A competitor of the corporate debtor

Ans. (b) A wilful defaulter



12. Who among the following has the highest priority in distribution of sale proceeds of liquidation estate in a liquidation process?

- (a) Workmen
- (b) Employees
- (c) Government
- (d) Tax dues

**Ans. (a) Workmen**

13. If a company wishes to exit a business and can pay-off all its debts in full from the sale proceeds of its assets, it may initiate \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) compulsory liquidation process
- (b) voluntary liquidation process
- (c) corporate liquidation process
- (d) fast track liquidation process

**Ans. (b) voluntary liquidation process**

14. Which is the first company to be resolved through corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016?

- (a) Innoventive Industries Ltd.
- (b) Nico Corporation Ltd.
- (c) Synergies Dooray Automotive Ltd.
- (d) Bhushan Steel Ltd.

**Ans. (c) Synergies Dooray Automotive Ltd.**

15. Which of the following is the first financial services provider to undergo corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016?

- (a) IL & FS
- (b) Punjab & Maharashtra Co-operative Bank Ltd.
- (c) DHFL
- (d) SRS Microfinance

**Ans. (c) DHFL**

16. Essar Steel India Ltd., one of the 12 large accounts referred to by the RBI for resolution under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016, was successfully resolved and taken over by \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Reliance Industries Ltd.

- (b) Vedanta Ltd.
- (c) Tata Steel Ltd.
- (d) Arcelor Mittal India Pvt. Ltd.

**Ans. (d) Arcelor Mittal India Pvt. Ltd.**

17. The provisions relating to \_\_\_\_\_ in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 are yet to come into force.

- (a) Resolution of Personal Guarantors to Corporate Debtors
- (b) Resolution of Corporate Guarantors to Corporate Debtors
- (c) Fresh Start Process
- (d) Voluntary Liquidation Process

**Ans. (c) Fresh Start Process**

18. What a resolution professional is to a corporate insolvency resolution process, so is a \_\_\_\_\_ to a bankruptcy process.

- (a) liquidator
- (b) insolvency professional
- (c) registered valuer
- (d) bankruptcy trustee

**Ans. (d) bankruptcy trustee**

19. Which of the following is an Information Utility?

- (a) National e-Governance Services Ltd.
- (b) NSDL e-Governance Infrastructure Ltd.
- (c) TransUnion CIBIL
- (d) Central Registry of Securitisation Asset Reconstruction and Security Interest

**Ans. (a) National e-Governance Services Ltd.**

20. Appeal against an order of the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal may be preferred before the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) High Court having Territorial Jurisdiction
- (b) Commercial Bench of the High Court
- (c) Supreme Court of India
- (d) Court of Appeals

**Ans. (c) Supreme Court of India**

Note: The IBBI reserves the rights to cancel or amend all or any part of the Quiz and/or the Terms and Conditions. However, any amendments to the Terms and Conditions or cancellation of the Quiz, will be updated/ posted on the Mygov platform / website of IBBI.

For further information/clarification, please write to [workshop.ip@ibbi.gov.in](mailto:workshop.ip@ibbi.gov.in)

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